

Usu Can have a with G.L.F. Lawn Grass Mixtures



sunny LAWN—This mixture is the most popular in G.L.F. territory and meets the greatest variety of conditions. It contains a desirable quantity of several grasses to insure a permanent stand as well as early germination to prevent erosion. N. J. No. 1 STANDARD (without clover)—This is substantially the same mixture as above except that white clover is deleted. This eliminates the possibility of weeds creeping in and eliminating clover —which is not a very competitive plant. This mixture will produce a mighty fine lawn under good management.





SHADY LAWN—This mixture is the next most popular in the G.L.F. series. As the name implies, it is better adapted to shady conditions by virtue of the addition of Poa Trivialis, to partly replace Kentucky Blue, and more of the shade tolerant Fescues.

FARMINGDALE MIX—This includes a variation of mixtures particularly adapted to certain local conditions peculiar to that Long Island area after which it is named. This mix should produce successful lawns under a great variety of conditions of soil acidity and fertility, yet thrive under shady or arid conditions. These mixtures are very popular in the southern area of G.L.F.





N. J. No. 1 STANDARD (with clover)—The mixture is very similar to Sunny Lawn with the addition of some white clover for summer greenness during hot, dry weather. In addition, the mixture includes bent grasses which, under exact and careful management, produce a fine lawn.

MERION BLUE GRASS—This variety is fast becoming very popular and except for price would have already replaced the blue grasses. It shows greater tolerance of leaf spot disease and its period of mid-summer resting is not as extensive. The variety is available at your Service Agency.

These are the most popular of our grass mixtures. Many special purpose mixes are also available. For example, a quick-grow and athletic mixture. Individuals desiring certain mixtures to meet difficult problems may contact their local service agencies for this service.

Mixtures available in 5, 10 and 25 pound bags.

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Seed Varieties	

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ALL PRICES IN THIS GUIDE SUBJECT TO CHANGE

Beautiful Lawn and G.L.F. Lawn Equipment... which makes Lawn Care Easy Special 0 (A) No. 35 G.L.F. ROTARY POWER MOWER 18"-A dependable mower in the popular rotary cutter design. No. 35 G. L. F. 18" Aluminum housing encloses one piece precision ROTARY POWER MOWER ground blade. Other features: non-clogging grass WAS \$84.25 chute, recoil starter, leaf mulcher, adjustable cutting height. Now \$66.95 52-024 Effective through May 1, 1955 G. L. F. HOMESTEAD 16 52-002 WAS \$19.20 Effective through May 1, 1955 G.L.F. Worcester Self-Propelled Rotary Mower-A solidly © built 20" mower that's self-propelled. Ground speed of 3 mph with finger tip clutch and speed control. Four handle adjustments and three cutting heights. Riding Rotary Power Mower-The ultimate in lawn mowing convenience. Drives and looks like a motor scooter No. 55 G.L.F. Power Mower 18"-Powered by a 1 h.p. No. 66 G.L.F. Power Mower 21"—Features 1½ h.p. Briggs and Stratton engine for added power. Finger tip control, automatic rewind starter, guarded roller chain drive and numerous other features combine to make this a top quality mower. G. L. F. HAND MOWERS G.L.F. YANKEE 14"-A low-cost efficient 14"-cut mower. Hardwood handle, solid rubber tires on 8" wheels G.L.F. Homestead 16"—Scientifically built to give long life. Has tubular handle, replaceable knife, dust proof oil cups. Worcester Power Mower 18"—A precision made, easily operated mower that assures grass cutting perfection for year after trouble-free year. 52-018 52-002 Worcester Power Mower 21"-Fine workmanschip, quality G.L.F. Homestead 18" details go into this mower. Has 1.6 h.p. Briggs and Stratton power unit. 52-003 \$20.85 G.L.F. Pilgrim 15"—Heavy duty mower with high carbon steel cutting blades, four spider cutting reel. Worcester Rotary Power Mower 18"-A lightweight mow-

52-005

52-031

G. L. F. Pilgrim 18" 52-006

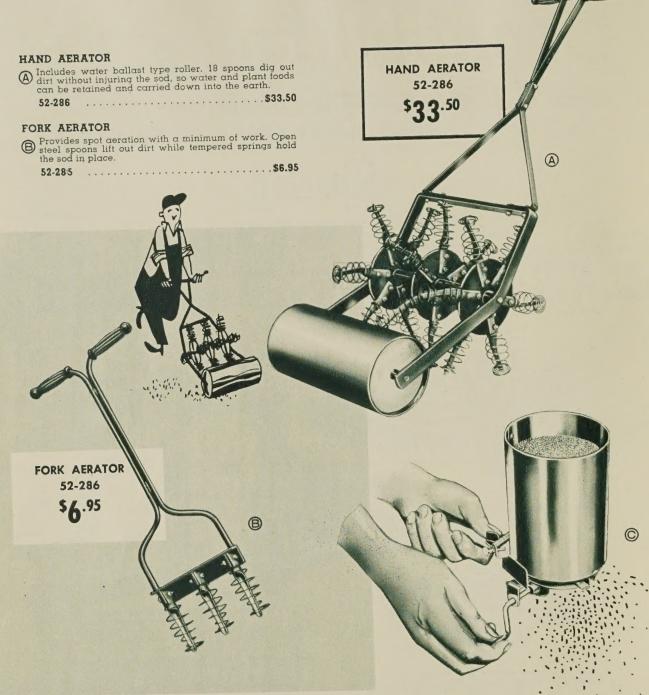
designed for heavy duty work. Includes leaf

G.L.F. Worcester Rotary Power Mower 20"—Adjusts easily to desired cutting height. 2 h.p. Briggs and Stratton

52-036

GRASS CATCHER—Fits hand and power mowers from 16"

through 21" wide. Galvanized steel bottom, striped canvas kid back.



HEAVY DUTY SEEDER AND FERTILIZER Features double oscillating feed and instant feed control. Heavier frame, gears and bearings. 50-100\$4.70



Prices May Vary According To Location





CLEAR PLASTIC HOSE

52-155

Lightweight, transparent hose with 5-year guarantee. 7/16" x 50'.

.....NOW \$3.49 52-155







PRICES MAY VARY ACCORDING TO LOCATION

KOROSEAL GARDEN HOSE

A tough, lightweight hose with a 10-year guarantee. Complete with couplings.

A 52-096	75	Koroseal	 	 					.\$13.85	
		Koroseal								
	-	Verezagi							5.75	

MAXECON RUBBER HOSE

Made to withstand 12 times normal city water pressure. Black 10-sided design.

are. Diagr.																			
52-125	50	feet	,		۰	u	,	·			÷	·		·		ı	. \$	1.60	
52.126																		6.40	

THRIFTEE PLASTIC HOSE

An economical, rugged vinyl hose with couplings. Ribbed, scuff resistant surface, 5-year guarantee.

Itibbed, sc.					
(R) 52-090	50'	Thriftee	Hose	\$6.00	
				, 3.50	

RUBBER HOSE

High quality, low cost %" rubber garden hose for

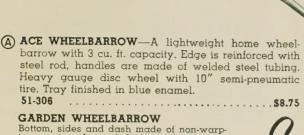
© 52-085	Green.	50'										ě				. \$8.95
52-086	Green,	25'					٠						٠	٠	٠	. 5.25
52-087	Black,	50'	۰		٠	ı										. 6.9 5
52-088	Black.	25'						٠	4		٠					. 3.95

KOROSEAL MULTI-SPRAY PLASTIC HOSE

Provides penetrating rain-like spray from hundreds of specially spaced openings. Gets water where you

(D) 52-128	50' Multi-Spray	Hose	 \$4.95
52-129	25' Multi-Spray	Hose	 2.79





Bottom, sides and dash made of non-warping marine plywood. Lightweight, durable

construction.

B WHIZ WHEELBARROW Lightweight, easy to handle design with heavy-duty features. Round front, 10 inch rubber tires, 3 cu. ft. heaped capacity. \$1.305\$13.30

© R4 WHEELBARROW A heavy-duty wheelbarrow with rugged hardwood frame and handles and metal tray. Wheelguard makes dumping easier. Has 4 cu. ft. capacity.





	Effective through May 1, 1955
(E)	

ACE WHEELBARROW

\$8.75

51-306

(NO. 950 OSCILLATING SPRINKLER Made entirely of rust resisting materials. Will irrigate 1,500 square feet or more. 52-077
0	FLAT SPRAY Ideal for flowers, plants and foliage where a gentle spray is needed. 52-080
M	DELUXE GARDEN HOSE REEL\$7.45
N	HOSE MASTER WATERING KIT Includes Pistol Grip Nozzle, standard head, deflector head and mist spray head. 52-161
0	REUSABLE COUPLINGS 52-170 7/16"
	52-172 $\frac{1}{1}$ 6"
	LONG GRIP CLINCHER COUPLING 52-176 1/16"
	CLINCHER FEMALE COUPLING 52-180 ½,6", 52-181 ½", 52-182 ¾6" \$.27 52-190 ¾" H.S. Male to ¾" 1 PT Female Nipple41
	52-191 3/4" I PT Male to 3/4" HT Female Nipple
	(prices subject to change)



KAUFMANN ELECTRIC TRIMMER AND EDGER

One tool to do the work of two. Has interchangeable edger head. Takes the fuss out of a fussy job. 52-012\$41.95

HEDGE SHEARS

Full polished blades for cutting ease. Lacquered han-.....\$2.80 52-051

KAUFMAN HEDGE TRIMMER

Designed for right or left hand operation. Double action blades, duo-position cutting head. 52-072\$44.45

WHEEL TYPE LAWN EDGER

Economical, easy operating edger. 6" self sharpening serrated blade. Guide wheel simplifies spacing. 52-275\$2.95

LAWN EDGER

A 9" blade turned over at the top to provide foot rests. Four foot handle. 52-270\$2.28

GRASS WHIPS

Makes grass or weed cutting more fun than work. Handles like a golf club, cuts like a razor. Concave cutter. 50-389 Serrated Edge\$1.58

50-390 Smooth Edge 1.98

GRASS HOOK

Balanced blade, shaped hand grip for ease of operation. 50-375

UNIVERSAL LAWN TRIMMER AND EDGER

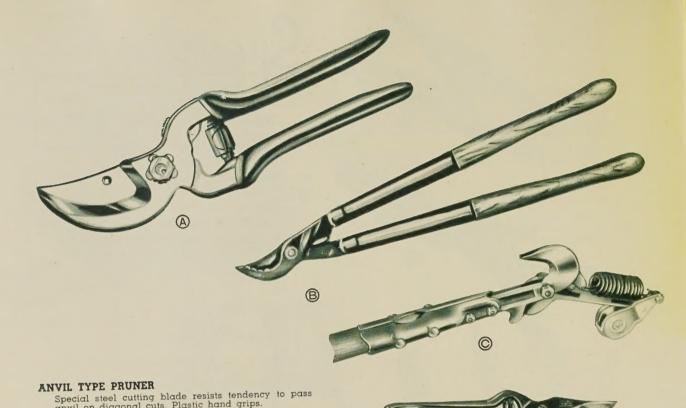
The ideal tool to finish off the mowing job. Cuts close to buildings, fences, trees, and flower beds. 52-009 Trimmer alone\$16.60 52-010 Trimmer with edger 18.65

PRICES MAY VARY ACCORDING TO LOCATION



(B)



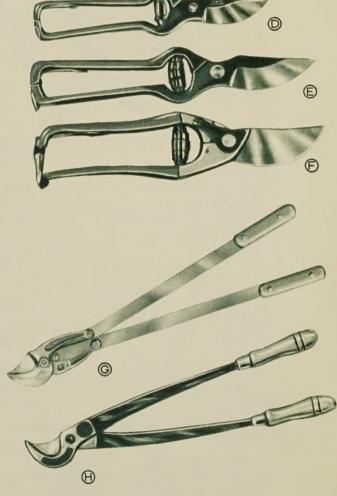


anvil on diagonal cuts. Plastic hand grips.
52-425\$2.95
CITE DRIINED
TWIN CUT PRUNER Makes clean, close cuts with minimum effort. \$7.00
(A) 52-427\$7.00
LOPPING SHEARS
Uniform bevel, heat treated cutting blade, notched anvil.
52-400\$6.45
HEAVY DUTY BRUSH CUTTERS
A fast, safe, durable tool for general farm use.
52-410 27" Cutter \$ 9.90
52-411 34" Cutter 11.70
LONG ARM PRUNER WITH PULLEY
The ideal tool for the orchard. Thin design allows better cutting in narrow places.
52-415 (with pole)\$14.95
DELTA PRUNERS
© 52 420 Tightweight—7"
© 52-431 Single—8"
52-432 Heavy (not shown)—9" 2.25
So 425 Double cutting blade of cutlery steel
on durable aluminum handles—8" 5.25
POINT CUT PRUNER
Out up to 11/4". Blades cut clean without damaging bark.
G bark.
52-405 20" Pruner\$8.70
52-406 24" Pruner 8.90
POLE PRUNING SAW
Curved 16" blade cuts tast on pull stroke without
binding. \$4.30
52-418
ALL STEEL PRUNERS
Hall STEEL PROPERS Long steel handles give added pressure for stubborn cuts.
52.132 20" long\$5.25

 52-132
 20" long
 \$5.25

 52-131
 25"
 5.50

 52-130
 30"
 5.75



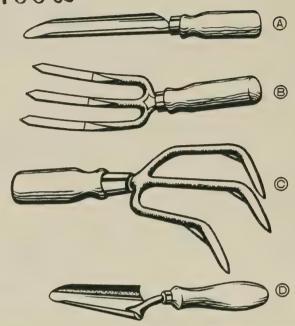
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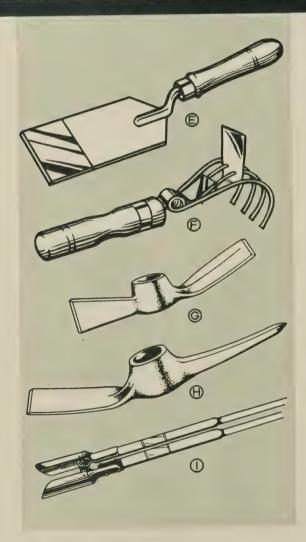




G.L.F. Garden Tools

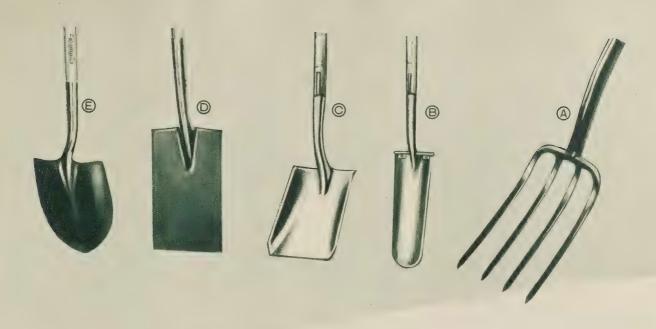
TRANSPLANTING TROWEL (A) Unequalled for setting out strawberry or cabbage plants. 52-231
SPADING FORK (B) For breaking sod or hard ground. Three tines. 52-232
RIGID CULTIVATOR Reinforced times to turn over extra hard ground. \$\int_{52-233}^{\text{Reinforced}}\$.\$
GARDEN TROWEL Hollow formed shank gives added strength. 6" blades. 52-234
GARDEN TROWEL Steel blade securely riveted to shank. Polished hardwood handle. 52-235





© Popular trowel for transferring bedding plants. 52-236
MAGIC WEEDER Spring steel fingers dig in and dig out the stubbornest weeds. 52-280 33" handle, 3 tines
52-282 42" handle, 4 tines 1.00
MATTOCK HOE © Clears weeds or brush, ideal for breaking ground. \$2.49
SHALE BAR AND TAMPER 50-277\$7.65
PICK MATTOCK Pick on one end and 3½" blade on the other. Top quality forged steel. 50-292
CUTTER MATTOCK 50-293\$3.60
POST HOLE DIGGER Blades are heavy gauge alloy feature steel for faster, more efficient digging. Frame is double hinged, four foot handle. 50-283
POST HOLE AUGER Interlocking steel blades twist into earth for speedy digging. Hardwood crossbar handle. 50-295 6"

PRICES MAY VARY ACCORDING TO LOCATION



	SHANK TIPE HOE
SPADING FORK (A) Four tine, 11" heavy duty fork with bent handle. 52-203 "D" handle	An inexpensive, well-shaped, balanced hoe. Taper rolled, 6½" blade. 52-210
52-204 Long handle	SOCKET TYPE HOE Good weight for garden and field work. Full polished
CLOSED BACK DRAIN SPADE "D" Handle, high carbon steel, riveted steps.	6½" blade. 52-211\$2.40
50-011	FLORAL HOE
CLOSED BACK SQUARE POINT SHOVEL Steel I-beam reinforced. Rolled shoulders, White ash handle in long or "D" style.	© The right size for working in close plantings. 52-212
50-014 Long handle \$3.35 50-013 "D" handle 3.35	Has shallow blade suited for corn or tobacco. Socket type handle. 52-213 \$2.59
GARDEN SPADE Made of 14-gauge, heat treated steel White Ach	WARREN HOE
Made of 14-gauge, heat treated steel. White Ash handle. 52-200 'D' handle	One piece, forged blade and shank. Sharp ears, sides and point.
52-201 Long handle	52-209\$2.25
ROUND POINTED SHOVEL	WEEDER HOE
Rolled Shoulders, high carbon steel, heat treated. 50-009 Long handle, blade 876"x1134"\$2.79	Two prong type for working in close to plants. 52-214 \$\times 1.25\$
50-012 Long handle, blade 9"x12½" 3.35 50-015 "D" handle, blade 9"x12½" 2.79	CULTIVATOR AND WEEDER
50-017 "D" handle, blade 878"x1134" 3.27	Four-tined, forged with a 4" working depth. 52-223 \$2.65
(prices subject to change)	FLORAL CULTIVATOR AND WEEDER Designed for the garden and field. 3" working depth. 52-222 \$2.35
	\$2.33
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F G A	



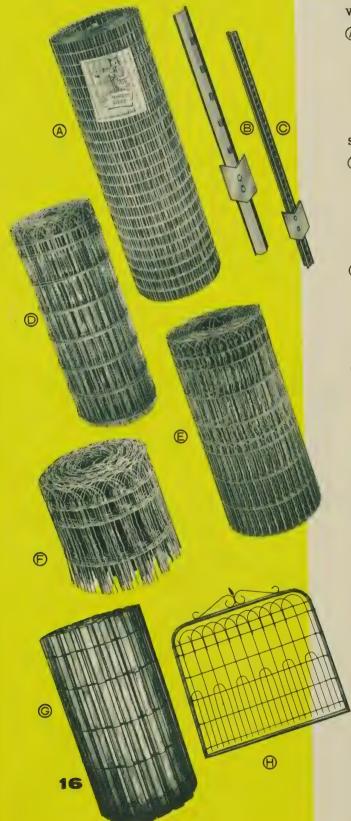
RAKES







-ences for your



WELDED WIRE FABRIC

Can be used for fencing, flooring or corn cribs and other similar uses. Smooth wire prevents injury to feet of poultry or animals. Cuts and shapes easily. 100' rolls only.

100' ro	lis only.																								١.	#10.05
69-300	1x2x24	٠	٠		۰	۰	٠	۰	۰	۰		۰			۰	۰	 . 1		٠	۰	۰	٠	۰	۰	۰	\$14.25
69-301	1×2×36											٠	٠		4		 		۰	0	P	7		۰	9	19.40
60.302	1×2×48										4	۰			٠		 	5 1	4		w	a	0	a		23.40
69.322	1×4×48										,		٠	٠		p			 ,	٠	0	۰	۰	0	۰	30.65
69-332	2×4×48																						٠	٠		17.15

STEEL FENCE POSTS

B For permanent or temporary fencing. Easily installed, easily removed and easily stored.

Lugged "U" Post—Made of rerolled steel in "U" shape, with lugs spaced for easy placing of wires.

CO 761	5 foot		\$.82-\$.85
03-701	S foot	Depending)	.93-	.97
69-762	6 1001	Debengning	(' ' '	.94-	.98
69-763	6½ foot	(wish) sone	(00.	1.03
69-764	7 toot	ireight zone	1	1.10	1 15
79-766	8 foot			1.10-	1.13

Studded "T" Post—Rounded studs hold wire in place yet allow for expansion and contraction.

7 - 1		\ \ \	00 4 01
69-741	5 foot) \$.88-2 .91
00 740	5 foot De	pending	1.03- 1.06
69-742	9 100t,	oon wour	
69-743	6½ foot ur 7 foot fre	oon your	1.09- 1.14
20 744	7 feet fre	ight zone	1.15- 1.20
69-744	7 1001		2170- 2170

LAWN AND GARDEN FENCE

Tough, durable fence for lawn or garden protection.

Stretches tight but retains elasticity to cope with changing temperature. Available in single or double scroll types and popular heights. Single Scroll Lawn Fence, 11 gauge, 100' rolls:

69-176	7-36	114	lbs.	٠		٠		٠				٠		 	 ۰			۰	٠	٠	٠		. \$	17.4	10
69-177	8-42	124	lbs.				٠				۰		٠	 	 ٠	۰	۰	۰		۰	٠	۰	٠	19.9)5
69-178	9-48	144	lbs.	•	٠	٠	٠	۰		, .	٠	٠	•		 ٠	۰	۰	۰	0	۰	٠	٠	٠	22.2	25

 69-179
 7-36
 114 lbs.
 \$24.20

 69-180
 8-42
 124 lbs.
 27.50

 69-181
 9-48
 144 lbs.
 30.75

Flower Bed Borders
69-190 316CFY 40 lbs. \$ 9.55
69-191 442CFY 52 lbs. 12.15

Slatted Wooden Fence—Inexpensive garden fencing to keep animals out. It is unpainted.

66-126—100 foot roll

68-125—50 foot roll

GATES

Non-sag, easy swinging gates of durable construction. Galvanized steel tubing frames. Furnished with fittings for wooden posts or hangers for steel posts if desired.

	14'x48" Field Gate\$21.45
69-851	3'x36" Lawn Gate 7.30
69-854	31/2'x36" Lawn Gate 7.60
	31/2'x42" Lawn Gate 7.90

Prices May Vary According To Location

lawn and garden



Picket Gates—Sturdy, attractive gates of quality lumber, complete with mounting hardware, painted white.

66-141	36" High Depending	\$4.80-\$4.98
66-142	42" High upon your 48" High freight zone	2 5.20- 5.35
66-143	48" High freight zone	5.75- 5.90

PICKET FENCING

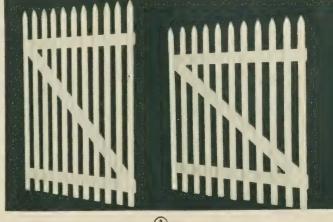
Wood and wire rolled fencing to protect gardens and flower beds, and at the same time add to the appearance. Pickets are made of $1\frac{1}{2}$ " x $\frac{1}{16}$ " high dressed lumber, spaced $2\frac{1}{4}$ " apart. Painted white.

(B) 66-130 18" Flower Bed Guard, 25 Ft. Length \$3.85-\$4.25

© 66-131 36" Garden Fence, 50 Ft. Length ..\$14.75-\$15.50

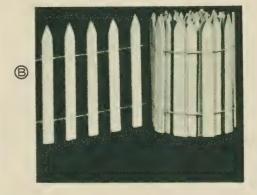
66-132 42" Garden Fence, 50 Ft. Length ..\$15.75-\$16.50

66-133 48" Garden Fence, 50 Ft. Length \$18.50-\$18.95











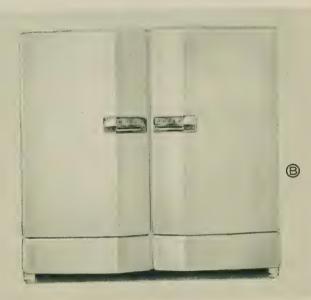
G.L.F.

Home Freezers

Unico Home Freezers are designed in a variety of sizes to fit the needs of the large or small family. These handsome, ruggedly built freezers provide ample storage space and storage convenience for home-grown products and special food buys. Backed by a five-year

(A) UNICO 24 CU. FT. UPRIGHT FREEZER

Holds up to 840 pounds of food yet takes up little floor space. Features Unico's exclusive "Kwik-flo" Cold for ultra fast freezing to lock in that "farm fresh" flavor. 21-107



(B) UNICO 35 CU. FT. UPRIGHT FREEZER

A "big capacity" freezer with room for 1,225 pounds of frozen food combines excellent styling and lasting construction. Has "Kwik-flo" Cold feature, the ultimate in storage convenience. 21-108\$642.00

O UNICO 16 CU. FT. CHEST FREEZER Features an all-aluminum interior, with a fast freezing section. A neatly designed exterior with a gleaming white finish adds to its practical appeal. Requires only 14.4 square feet of floor space. 21-101\$357.00

FREEZER PACKAGING MATERIAL

Containers to protect flavors of fruits and vegetables. Carton and bag combinations are moisture and vapor proof.

D VAPOCANS AND PLASTIC LIDS

Thermoplastic coated containers specially designed for syrups, brine packs and dry packs. 11/2 pint size. 21-250 Package of 20 Vapocans\$.90 21-251 Package of 20 reusable lids\$1.15

G.L.F. PLASTIC BAGS

Tubular bags for full freezer protection to meat, poultry, fish and vegetables. Available in pint, quart, poultry, large poultry and turkey sizes.

per package 39c







FREEZE PAK CONTAINERS

Soft plastic boxes with poly lids. Ideal for general 21-266 25 oz. size32c

E NESTRITE BUCKETS

Easy-to-seal tops and easy stacking. For wet packs, vegetables and fruits.

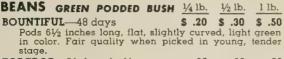
G.L.F. POLYETHYLENE CONTAINERS

21-196 Pint Size per pkg. of 6 units \$1.59 11/2 Pint Size per pkg. of 5 units \$1.59 (F) 21-198 Quart Size per pkg. of 4 units \$1.59

18

G.L.F. Garden Seed

KNOWN ORIGIN SEED ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE NORTHEAST



TOPCROP-.20 -51 days (c. f.) Pods 5½ to 6 inches long, round medium dark green— excellent quality. Resistant to common bean blight and New York 15 Mosaic.

CONTENDER-52 days A new, heavy-yielding variety with 6-61/2 inch, plump oval pods. Resistant to common bean Mosaic.

Stringless GREEN POD-52 days .20 Pods 5-6 inches long, round, medium green, free from strings and fiber—thus, good quality.

TENDERLONG 15—53 days (c. f.) .20 .30

Newer selection from Tendergreen possessing resistance to Mosaic disease. Pods 6 inches round, smooth and straight—good quality. inches long.

.20 WADE BUSH-54 days (c. f.) This new variety is resistant to common bean Mosaic and Powdery Mildew. Pods deep green color, 5½ to 6 inches long, round, slender and of excellent quality.

FRENCH HORTICULTURAL—68 da .20 .30 .50
Commonly used as Shell beans. Pods 7 inches long, light colored, overlaid with deep red splotches. Plants are large and tend toward runner type.

WAX PODDED BUSH

.20 CHEROKEE—52 days (c. f.) .30 .50 Stringless, tender, oval pods of good quality. Heavy yields over a long period.

SURE CROP—53 days .30 Pods 6-6½ inches long, flat, attractive light yellow. Cherokee recommended for better quality.

PENCIL POD-55 days (c. f.) .20 Round pods, 51/2-6 inches long, medium yellow in color.

POLE BEANS

KENTUCKY WONDER-68 days (f.) .20 Green Podded. An old favorite pole bean. Pods 7-8 inches long, thick, oval, curved and somewhat constricted between seeds.

KENTUCKY WONDER-68 days (f.) .20 .30 Wax Podded. A good selection for those who desire a wax pole variety.

BUSH LIMAS (TREATED)

HENDERSON-65 days .20 .30 Small seeded baby lima type with flat, medium green 3 inch pods.

FORDHOOK 242—75 days (c. f.) .20 .30 Similar to regular Fordhook but puts on heavier set of early pods and is better able to withstand adverse conditions.

BURPEE IMPROVED-75 days .50 Pods 5 inches long with very large, flat beans.

POLE LIMAS (TREATED)

KING OF THE GARDEN-88 days .20 Tall vines. Pods 5-6 inches long, flat, straight. Seed large, flat.

BEETS Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb. EARLY WONDER-52 days \$.10 \$.20 \$.45

First early garden beet. Similar to Crosby.

Pkt. \$.10 \$.20 \$.45

CROSBY EGYPTIAN-55 days Large tops, roots dark red, flattened globe shape with purplish-red flesh.

PERFECTED DETROIT—60 da (c. s.) .10 Medium to large tops. Globe shaped roots with solid red interior and exterior color.

BROCCOLI Oz.

Italian GREEN SPROUTING-70 days (f.) \$.10 \$.50 Produces large central heads followed by smaller side branches. Usually planted for Fall crop.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

CATSKILL—90 days (f.) Small compact plants, stems well covered with firm, round sprouts which mature in succession.

CABBAGE (TREATED)

GOLDEN ACRE—70 days
Round, firm heads. Medium green in color. .55

EARLY COPENHAGEN MARKET-75 days .10 .55 Round, solid heads averaging 3-4 pounds.

GLORY OF ENKHUIZEN-85 days .50 Solid heads weighing 5-6 pounds. Used widely for sauerkraut.

BONANZA-85 days This variety will stand for several weeks after matur-ing without cracking because of its short core.

CHIEFTAIN SAVOY-90 days .10 Loose, flat heads with heavily savoyed or crinkled leaves.

DANISH BALLHEAD—110 days (s.) Heads slightly flattened, almost round, solid, high vielding.

MAMMOTH RED ROCK-120 days (s.) .10 Most popular late red cabbage. Solid heads, flattened alobe in shape.

CHINESE CABBAGE

.10 CHIHLI—70 days Heads 3-4 inches thick and 18 inches tall, tapered at tip. Firm, crisp, tender and sweet.

CHANTENAY RED CORED-70 days (s.) .10 Roots deep orange with inconspicuous core, $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, blocky. Keeps well in storage.

CHANTENAY LONG TYPE—70 days (s.) Similar to Red Cored but with long, less blocky roots.

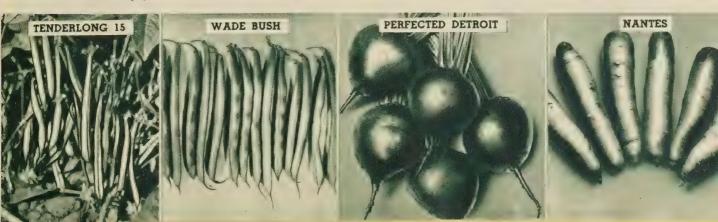
NANTES-70 days (s.) .10 .25 Deep orange cylindrical roots, 6-7 inches long. Best quality for table use.

DANVERS HALF LONG-75 days .20 Tapered roots 6-7 inches long. High quality.

CAULIFLOWER

Improved HOLLAND ERFURT-75 days (f.) .10 Large, deep heads with pure white curds, maturing gradually through long periods.

PURPLE HEAD—80 days (f.) Produces large, loose green heads which are purple on top. Purple color bleaches out when cooked. It is not necessary to cover heads with leaves during growth. Excellent flavor.



Pkt. Oz. YELLOW CELERY GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING-85 days \$.10 Compact, full hearted stalk, easily blanched. GREEN SUMMER PASCAL-115 days 1.40 Stalks nearly round. Smooth and very tender. SALT LAKE OR UTAH-125 days .10 1.00 Stocky plants with thick, solid, broad stems of high quality.

GIANT PASCAL—140 days Large plants with thick, solid, round stalks of excellent quality.

CELERIAC

LARGE SMOOTH PRAGUE-110 days .10 Turnip-rooted celery for flavoring soups, stews, and

Oz. 1/4 lb. CHARD Pkt. \$.10 \$.20 \$.50 FORDHOOK GIANT-55 days (Swiss Chard) Tall, vigorous plants producing high quality green leaves for summer use. As leaves are picked off new ones develop.

SWEET CORN OPEN POLLINATED (TREATED) lent quality. 1 lb. 1/4 lb. 1/2 lb.

GOLDEN SUNSHINE-74 days \$.15 \$.25 \$.45 Ears 7-8 inches long with 10-12 rows of yellow kernels. Quality fair.

.15 GOLDEN BANTAM—78 days Ears 7 inches long with 8 rows of yellow kernels. Quality good.

.25 STOWELLS EVERGREEN—95 days .15 Ears 8 inches long with 12-14 rows of large white

HYBRID YELLOW (TREATED)

SPANCROSS—65 days .25 .35 .60

First early hybrid. Ears are 6-7 inches long with fair quality.

GOLDEN BEAUTY-70 days .25 A new high quality, attractive early variety. Awarded the All America Trial Silver Medal for 1955.

MARCROSS-72 days .25 .35 Good quality early hybrid. Ears 7½ inches long with 12 kernel rows.

CARMELCROSS-80 days (c. f.) .25 High quality mid-season variety. Attractive, well filled 8-inch ears with 12-14 kernel rows.

HOOSIER GOLD—84 days (c. f.) A new mid-season hybrid with 9-inch ears of excellent quality. Ears have 12-14 rows of light colored kernels.

(Golden Cross Bantam) Leading variety for home use. Our strain unsurpassed for vigor, yield, and quality. Ears well filled 8½ inches long, 12-14 kernel rows and very attractive. GOLDEN CROSS-88 days (c. f.) .25

IOCHIEF-90 days .25 Ears 9 inches long with 14 to 18 rows of small, deep kernels. High quality.

HYBRID BLEND-72-88 days A mixture of the popular hybrids Marcross, Carmel-cross, Golden Cross and Ioana made to spread maturity of the crop when only one or two plantings are made in the garden.

HYBRID WHITE (TREATED)

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN HYBRID-95 days

.25 .35

Ears $8\frac{1}{2}$ inches long with 14-18 rows of medium sized, deep white kernels.

POPCORN (TREATED)

1/4 lb. 1/2 lb. Pkt.

WHITE HULLESS HYBRID-80 days

\$.10 \$.25 \$.40 \$.75

A new white hybrid which produces 5-inch ears with medium sized rice type kernels. Popped kernels are medium sized, attractive, and of very high quality.

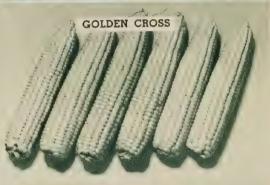
CUCUMBERS (TREATED) PICKLING

Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb.

YORKSTATE PICKLING 52 days \$.10 \$.25 \$.75

Mosaic resistant pickling variety. Used for all types of small pickles.







Pkt. SLICING \$.10 \$.30 \$.85 MARKETER-62 days Long, straight, dark green fruit. Plants very prolific and set fruits over a long period.

NIAGARA-63 days A Mosaic resistant slicer with dark green color and cylindrical shape. Highly recommended for gardeners whose cucumber production has been cut short by Mosaic disease.

EARLY FORTUNE-65 days .10 An old favorite white spined variety. Used for both pickles and slicing.

STRAIGHT EIGHT-66 days .10 .30 Fruits long, thick, smooth and straight. Heavy yielder of attractive slicers.

Improved LONG GREEN—67 days .10 .30 Used for both pickling and slicing. Fruit slightly ta-

A & C-68 days .10 .30 Dark green, medium thick, 8-9 in. long when mature.

.20 MAMMOTH—70 days

EGGPLANT Pkt. Oz. BLACK BEAUTY-80 days \$.10 \$.85

Fruits large, blocky, pear shaped, deep glossy purple.

ENDIVE

Broadleaf Batavian or Escarolle-90 days Large plants with compact, well blanched hearts and full, broad leaves

GREEN CURLED-95 days Leaves curly, deeply cut with green ribs. Hearts blanch to creamy yellow.

> SYMBOLS MEAN (RECOMMENDED FOR) f-freezing c-canning s-storage

	d 10 d 00
DWARF BLUE CURLED—85 days Improved strain, Used for high quality gre	\$.10 \$.30 eens, late fall:
KOHLRABI	
WHITE VIENNA—55 days	.10 .40
Kohlrabi forms on above-ground enlarge	ed stem used
similar to a turnip but milder when cook	ed.
PURPLE VIENNA—60 days Similar to White Vienna except that led	.10 .40
terior of bulb have purple color.	
LEEK	
AMERICAN FLAG-150 days	.10 .50
Resembles a large green onion but wit	h larger and
straighter bulb and flat leaves. Mild flav	or.
LETTUCE LOOSE LEAF	
SALAD BOWL—42 days	.10 .50
A new loose leaf type released by the	U.S. Dept. of
closely set, curly, deeply cut, rich of	many snort, reen leaves.
A new loose leaf type released by the Agriculture. Large plants formed by closely set, curly, deeply cut, rich g Leaves are tender and of high quality. Pl	ants are slow
to bolt. GRAND RAPIDS—42 days	.10 .20
Large, light green, curly leaves.	.10 .20
BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON-45 days	.10 .20
Large attractive plants with broad, frilled	d, light green
leaves. PRIZEHEAD—45 days	.10 .20
Curly leaves, tinged edges with reddish	
HEADING VARIETIES	
BIG BOSTON-75 days	.10 .25
Butterhead type, with light green leaves	fringed with
brown, and creamy-white heart. CORNELL 456—85 days	.10 .65
Best of the Iceberg types. Medium sized he	
solid and resistant to tip burn.	
COS OR ROMAINE	
TRIANON COS—70 days	.10 .20
(White Paris) Narrow, flattened, green lead a loose, erect head.	aves forming
MUSKMELON	
(TREATED) DELICIOUS 51—83 days	.10 .35
(Early Bender) Large fruits, heavily	netted. Flesh
orange, deep, good flavor. Fusarium Wi	lt resistant.
BENDERS SURPRISE—90 days Extra large fruits distinctly ribbed and	.10 .35
Flesh deep orange, thick and of exceller	it flavor.
PRIDE OF WISCONSIN-90 days	.10 .3
Fruits medium sized, heavily netted; fle of excellent quality.	sh thick and
IROQUOIS-95 days (f.)	.10 .40
Resistant to Fusarium Wilt. Fruits large	, well ribbed
and netted; excellent quality.	
HEARTS OF GOLD—95 days Fruits lightly ribbed with medium net	.10 .35 . Flesh deer
and and the state of the state	
orange, good quality.	
ONIONS EARLY YELLOW GLOBE—98 days	.10 .40
ONIONS EARLY YELLOW GLOBE—98 days Large globe shaped, yellow skinned	
ONIONS EARLY YELLOW GLOBE—98 days Large globe shaped, yellow skinned uniform strain.	bulbs. Early
ONIONS EARLY YELLOW GLOBE—98 days Large globe shaped, yellow skinned uniform strain. EBENEZER OR JAPANESE—105 days	bulbs. Early
ONIONS EARLY YELLOW GLOBE—98 days Large globe shaped, yellow skinned uniform strain. EBENEZER OR JAPANESE—105 days Bulbs medium size, flattened; strong flav MICHIGAN YELLOW GLOBE—110 days (.10 .40 or. s.) .10 .40
ONIONS EARLY YELLOW GLOBE—98 days Large globe shaped, yellow skinned uniform strain. EBENEZER OR JAPANESE—105 days Bulbs medium size, flattened; strong flav MICHIGAN YELLOW GLOBE—110 days ((Brigham Strain) Bulbs globe shaped with	.10 .40 or. s.) .10 .40
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ONIONS EARLY YELLOW GLOBE—98 days Large globe shaped, yellow skinned uniform strain. EBENEZER OR JAPANESE—105 days Bulbs medium size, flattened; strong flav MICHIGAN YELLOW GLOBE—110 days ((Brigham Strain) Bulbs globe shaped with skin. SWEET SPANISH—110 days	.10 .40 or. s.) .10 .40
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PARSNIP Pkt. ALL AMERICAN—95 days \$.10 \$.20 Long, white, tapered roots; tender and of good flavor. PEAS 1/2 lb. 1 lb. (TREATED) OMAS LAXTON—58 days (c. f.) \$.25 \$.45
Pods 3½ inches long, blunt, dark green. Vines 3 feet tall. Freezonian recommended as replacement. THOMAS LAXTON—58 days (c. f.) .25 FREEZONIAN—60 days (c. f.) An improved Thomas Laxton type. Vines heavy, 3 feet tall, bearing blunt dark green pods $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches long with an average of 7 peas per pod. LITTLE MARVEL—60 days
Short, dark green, prolific vines. Pods 3 inches long, blunt, dark green, tightly filled. LAXTON'S PROGRESS—62 days .25 .45

Dwarf vines bearing pointed 4-inch pods with large peas of good quality. ONEIDA—65 days (c. f.) .25 .45

A late maturing, high quality companion variety to Freezonian for ireezing. 3½ to 4 inch pods which are blunt and dark green. WANDO-68 days A heat resistant variety that can be planted as late as mid-June. Produces short, blunt pods of good quality. ALDERMAN—70 days (Telephone) Pods 4½ inches long, pointed, ballooned, dark green; vines 4-5 feet tall, usually grown on trellis. **PEPPERS** EARLY GIANT—63 days \$.10 \$1.00 Prolific variety for early use. Medium sized fruit with EARLY CALWONDER—68 days .10 1. Fruits blocky, smooth with thick, mild sweet flesh. WORLD BEATER-72 days .10 .85 Large, oblong, glossy fruits with mild flesh borne on large, prolific plants.

BURLINGTON—72 days .10 1.00 A Mosaic resistant strain of World Beater with thicker flesh. CALIFORNIA WONDER-75 days .10 Fruits large, smooth, blocky with very thick, firm flesh. IROQUOIS WANDO



02. Pkt.

\$.10 LONG RED CAYENNE-80 days (Hot) Fruits ½ inch thick, 5 inches long and tapered; bright red and very pungent when mature.

.10 HUNGARIAN WAX (Hot) Long, thick tapered fruit. Bright yellow at maturity, turning red.

PUMPKINS

.20 SMALL SUGAR—110 days (s.) .10 (New England Pie) Small, deep orange colored fruits used mainly for pies. Excellent quality.

CONNECTICUT FIELD-115 days Large fruits, 15-20 pound, deep orange color. Used for canning, stock feed and decorations.

.20 SWEET CHEESE—120 days .10 (Long Island Type) Used for pies, canning and stock feed. Creamy-buff skinned, flat shape.

RADISHES

SCARLET GLOBE-25 days .20 Bright scarlet, smooth roots with crisp, white flesh Medium length tops.

SPARKLER-25 days Roots bright scarlet with pronounced white tips. Crisp, white flesh and mild flavor.

WHITE ICICLE—30 days
Roots pure white, 5-6 inches long, tape
crisp, white and stronger than globe types. .20 tapered.

LONG BLACK SPANISH-55 days Good keeper. Roots long, skin somewhat roughened, black. Flesh white; strong flavor.

RUTABAGA

LONG ISLAND IMPROVED-95 days (s.) .10 (American Purple Top) Roots large, yellow with purple crown. Excellent storage variety.

SALSIFY (OR VEGETABLE OYSTER)

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND-135 day.10 .50 Roots 8-9 inches long, gradually tapered, with white flesh. Use similar to parsnips.

SPINACH

Long Standing BLOOMSDALE—45 days (f.) .10 For Spring planting. Large, dark green, heavily sa-voyed leaves.

.10 AMERICA—50 days (f.) .15 Leaves dark green and very heavily savoyed. Very slow to form seed stalks.

NEW ZEALAND-55 days Not a true spinach. Large, spreading plants produce numerous small leaves. Will give a continuous supply of summer greens.

SQUASH Bush Type, Summer Pkt. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. EARLY PROLIFIC STRAIGHTNECK-50 days (f.)

\$.10 \$.20 \$.65 Fruits medium sized, straight, bright yellow, smooth

and uniform. Early White Bush Scallop—50 days .10 .20 .80 (Patty Pan) Mature fruits white, smooth, flattened and round with scalloped margins.

CASERTA-50 days (f.) Fruits mature when 6 or 7 inches long and 1½ to 2½ inches thick. Skin is light glossy green with broken stripes of dark green. Very prolific, excellent quality.

COCOZELLE—55 days .10 .25 Fruits smooth, long, cylindrical, dark green with light green stripes. Italian marrow type.

BLACK ZUCCHINI—60 days .10 .25 .75
(Dark Green Zucchini) Long, cylindrical, smooth fruit with very dark green color.

VINE TYPE-FALL OR WINTER

Pkt. Oz. 1/4 lb.

TABLE QUEEN-85 days \$.10 \$.25 \$.75 (Mammoth or Royal Acorn) Fruits 5-6 inches long, pointed and ridged, dark green in color. Flesh yellow medium thick and of high quality. A favorite for baking in the "half shell."

BUTTERNUT-90 days (f.) .40 .10 ruits blocky with enlarged blossom end. Buff colored Excellent quality; very popular.

BUTTERCUP-100 days (f.) .10 Green colored, flattened fruit with button on blossom end which contains seed. Solid, deep orange flesh

GREEN DELICIOUS-105 days (f.) .10 .30 Dark green, top-shaped fruit of medium to large size Deep orange flesh, very good quality. Excellent keeper.

.30 1.00 WARTED HUBBARD-110 days (s.) .10 Large, deep green, heavily warted fruit. Thick, deep orange flesh of good quality.

BLUE HUBBARD-110 days (s.) .10 1.00 Very large, slate blue, moderately smooth fruit, long type, tapered toward both ends. Good quality. Heavy



TOMATOES

Pkt. Oz.

\$.10 \$1.10 VALNORTH-60 days Very early. Globe shaped fruit borne on small plants

EARLIANA—65 days
Bright scarlet, slightly flattened fruit. An old favorite early variety.

JOHN BAER-74 days Fruits medium sized, flattened globe shaped. Good vielder.

.85 LONGRED—76 days (c.) Excellent uniformly red, smooth, globe shaped fruit with a minimum of cracking. Good yielder of high quality fruit over a long period. Excellent canning variety.

QUEENS-77 days Large, smooth, deeply colored fruit of Rutgers type. Plants large and spreading.

SUNRAY-78 days .10 1.10 Yellow-orange colored, large, fleshy fruit. Attractive for table use and juice.

MARGLOBE—78 days .10
High quality, thick fleshed, scarlet colored fruit. .75

RUTGERS—85 days (c.) .10 .90
Best of the late varieties. Large, heavy yielding plants with solid, deep colored fruit.

TURNIP

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE -56 days (s.) .10 Roots round, white with purple shoulders. Flesh white and tender.

WATERMELONS

HONEY CREAM-80 days (f.) Very popular early variety. Fruits approximately 12 inches in diameter with light green rind overlaid with dark green striping. Flesh is deep yellow, crisp and of excellent quality.

STONE MOUNTAIN-90 days Large, oval, dark green fruits with thick rind and bright red flesh.

MISCELLANEOUS

SWEET PEAS

SPENCER MIXED

.10 .25 This special mixture will produce many colored, attractive flowers during the summer months. Mixture contains some Cuthbertson type seed for early flowering; this results in flower production over a longer period. Should be planted early and treated with pea inoculation for best results.

GOURDS

SMALL MIXED \$.10 for ornamental purposes only. Fruits are of various forms and shapes and show a variety of color. Fruits harvested before frost and painted with clear shellac will keep for some time and are very attractive.

FENNEL

FLORENCE (FENUCHE)—110 days

.10

OKRA

MAMMOTH LONG GREEN POD-60 days .10

Plants four feet tall, producing dark green fleshy pods 7 to 8 inches long. Pods distinctly ribbed and tapered.

Controlling

INSECTS & DISEASE IN GARDEN AND ORCHARD

- Plan your insect and disease control program early and have the materials on hand when you need them.
- Dust early in the morning or late in the evening when there is little or no wind and dew may be present.
- Crop diseases must be prevented. After they are established in the plant, they cannot be cured.
- Don't use your crop-spraying equipment for 2, 4-D or other hormone-type chemicals.

CROP Disease or Insect	Spray	ATERIAL Dust	Time to Apply
ASPARAGUS Asparagus Beetle		G. L. F. Dust No. 27 5 lb. Bags (1% Rotenone)	Whenever beetles are present. Rotenone is harmless and may be washed off the spears before cutting.
BEANS Mexican Bean Beetle and Flea Beetle		G. L. F. Dust No. 27 (1% Rotenone)	Whenever beetles are present. Make application to underside of the leaves. Repeat at weekly intervals to kill newly hatched larvae.
CABBAGE, CAULIFLOWER, KALE, BROCCOLI, and BRUSSELS SPROUTS Imported Cabbage Worm Diamond-back Moth		G. L. F. Dust No. 27 (1% Rotenone) or Dual Garden Dust (1% Rotenone— 7% Copper)	As soon as young worms appear. Repeat weekly as needed.
CELERY Bacterial, Early and Late Blights Tarnished Plant Bugs		Dual Garden Dust (1% Rotenone— 7% Copper)	As soon as plants become established and repeat at weekly intervals before harvest, except in very dry years. Dust just before cultivation.
CORN European Corn Borer		G. L. F. Dust No. 27 (1% Rotenone)	As soon as young borers appear on leaves—usually late May or early June. Make four applications at exactly five day intervals. Direct dust downward into the whorls or crowns and leaf axils.
CUCUMBERS, MELONS, SQUASH Cucumber Beetles Squash Vine Borer Bacterial Wilt, Scab, Angular Leaf Spot, and Anthracnose		G. L. F. Dust No. 78 5 lb. Bags (1% Rotenone—7% Ziram) or Dual Garden Dust (1% Rotenone—7% Copper)	Apply at weekly intervals as soon as plants emerge. (Dust No. 78 highly preferred.)
ONIONS Onion Thrip	Black Leaf 40		Weekly as thrips appear.
PEAS Aphis	50% Malathion Emulsifiable	G. L. F. Dust No. 30 5 lb. bags 15% Malathion	As soon as aphis are found. Repeat weekly until infestation is cleared.
POTATOES and EGG PLANT Colorado Potato Beetle Leaf Hoppers and Flea Beetle Late Blight	Bordeaux Mixture with 75% DDT Wettable Powder 2 lb. Bags	Dual Garden Dust (1% Rotenone— 7% Copper)	When plants break through the ground and repeat at weekly intervals until harvest time.
TOMATOES Colorado Potato Beetle and Flea Beetle Blight and Anthracnose		G. L. F. Dust No. 78 (1% Rotenone— 7% Ziram) and/or Dual Garden Dust (1% Rotenone— 7% Copper)	As soon as plants are established in the field. Dust No. 78 and Dual Garden Dust may be used alternately at weekly intervals. When the weather is conducive to late blight (cool nights and warm days) use Dual Garden Dust only at 5 day intervals.
ROSES and FLOWERS Black Spot, Rust, Beetles, Caterpillars, Mites, etc.		ACP Rose and Floral Dust 1 lb. cans	Whenever insects are present or in the case of diseases apply at weekly intervals.
SOIL INFESTING INSECTS Ants, Japanese Beetle, Chinch Bugs, Cutworms, etc.		Pratt's 5% Chlordane Dust. l lb. can G. L. F. Dust No. 25 (5% Chlordane) 5 lb. Bags	In lawns apply at 5 lbs. per 1000 sq. ft. in early May. For cutworms dust rather heavily around the bases of the plants to be protected.













Controlling





				D 2000	Plums and Prune's
Period	Apples	Pears	Cherries	Peaches	
DORMANT	DN Dry Mix No. 2 1 lb. Bags. 1½ ta- blespoons per gal. Aphis, bud moth oyster shell scale	DN Dry Mix No. 2 1½ tablespoonfuls per gallon. Pear Psylla	Aphis	DN Dry Mix No. 2 2 tablespoonfuls per gallon of water. For peach leaf curl	DN Dry Mix No. 2 1½ tablespoonfuls per gallon. Aphis, oyster shell scale
GREEN TIP (1/6" green)	Scalecide 1 qt. Cans 1 cupful per gallon. Red mite, San Jose scale, scurfy scale				
DELAYED DORMANT (1/4" to 1/2" green)	G. L. F. Fruit Spray, 1/2 cup per gallon. Scab, rust, bud moth	G.L.F. Fruit Spray 1/2 cup per gallon. Scab, bud moth Scalecide 1 cupful per gal. Pear Psylla			
PINK (Just before blossoms open)	G.L.F. Fruit Spray, 1/2 cup per gallon. Scab, rust	G.L.F. Fruit Spray 1/2 cup per gallon. Scab and Pear Midge	G.L.F. Fruit Spray 1/2 cup per gallon. Brown rot, leaf spot	G. L. F. Fruit Spray 1/2 cup per gallon. Brown rot and scab	G. L. F. Fruit Spray 1/2 cup per gallon. Brown rot
PETAL FALL (When last of the petals are falling)	Same as for PINK stage and repeat at 7-day intervals, until 30 days before harvest. For scab, rust, curculio, codling moth, apple magagot, etc.		Same as for PINK stage. Also for curculio.		
SHUCK FALL (When 50-75% of shucks are off the fruit that is going to set)	appro maggay area		Same as for PETAL FALL stage. Repeat 10 days later and then make two more applications at 10-day to two-week intervals. For maggot control make one more application immediately ofter harvest.		Same as for PINK stage and for curculio. Repeat one week later. Apply two additional sprays at two-week intervals. Two weeks before harvest, make an application of G. L. F. Dry Wettable Sulphur at 4 tablespoonfuls per gallon to prevent brown rot of fruit.
				T. F. amonialty, gardon (

FERTILIZERS AND SOIL CONDITIONERS







FERTILIZER—G.L.F. specialty garden and lawn fertilizers are distributed under the GroLeaf label.

GROLEAF 5-10-5, a powdered fertilizer designed for dry application, is packaged in 10 and 50 pound bags. Recommended for general lawn and garden use.

SOLUBLE GROLEAF 14-28-14 is especially formulated for liquid application. It contains essential minor elements. Recommended for use in transplanting in water and other places where liquid application is preferred. May also be applied dry. Available in four-pound bags.

HIGH ORGANIC PLANT FOOD—This specially pre-prepared lawn fertilizer is a high organic 10-6-4 mix-ture. It gives excellent results on established lawns, new lawns, and perennial shrubs and trees. 50 pound

- B PEAT MOSS—Peat moss provides humus to make the soil mellow, easy to cultivate and increase the moisture holding capacity. Available in large bales, medium sized bales and handy packages.
- SOIL TEST KITS—Make your own soil test for acidity (need for lime). This is the most important single test made on soils. Nearly everyone can do it with this sample kit. Few are qualified to do a complete soil testing job which is seldom needed on home gardens.
- KRILIUM MERLOAM—Treated soil is easier to spade and cultivate and will not pack down. Hard, crusty soils retard emergence and growth of tender seedlings. New low price.

Krilium Merloam, 5 lb. can \$4.95 Krilium Merloam, 1 lb. can 1.39

E HOTKAPS—Used to start seedlings early and protect them against frost.

Package, 25 Hotkaps with Cardboard Setter per pkg. \$.85 Package, 100 Hotkaps with Cardboard Setter per pkg. 3.00 Package, 250 Hotkaps with Cardboard Setter

Hotkap Setter (Metal) per pkg. 5.65
Hotkap Setter (Fibreheard) each 1.95 Fibreboard)each .20 (prices subject to change) Hotkap Setter (Fibreboard)

24

Weed KILLERS



	Material	Rate	Time to Apply
LAWNS Broad-Leaved Weeds	G.L.F. Weed Killer MCP	l teaspoonful per 100 sq. ft. Usually applied in 1 qt. of water	When annual weeds are small or perennial weeds are just starting to grow. Apply two days after mowing.
Crab Grass and Broad-Leaved Weeds	Improved Weedone Crab Grass Killer (Potassium Cyanate & MCP)	4 teaspoonfuls in 1 gallon water per 150 sq. ft. 8 teaspoonfuls in 1 gal. water per 150 sq. ft.	When crab grass is in seedling stage. If crab grass is mature.
WOODY PLANTS Poison Ivy, Brush in fence rows, etc.	Weedone Brush Killer 32	2½ tablespoonfuls per 1 gal. of water plus 2½ tablespoonfuls of fuel oil or Diesel oil per 1 gal. of water	When plants are actively growing.
	Ammate	3/4 lb. per l gal. of water	When plants are actively growing.
STRAWBERRIES	Crag Herbícide 1	l tablespoonful per gal. of water treats 400 sq. ft.	Newly planted beds—as soon as plants start growth and before weeds are visible—repeat as needed. Establishing beds—as soon as uncovered in the spring and before fruit forms. Also after harvest. In any case it will not be effective if weeds are over ¼" high. Such large weeds should be pulled or hoed from the bed.
ASPARAGUS	Crag Herbicide 1 or ACP Garden Weeder	l tablespoonful per gal. of water treats 400 sq. ft. ½ pt. per 1000 sq. ft.	As soon as possible after harrowing up the asparagus bed in the spring and again at the end of the cutting season after the bed has been harrowed thoroughly.
Lima, Snap, Wax and soy beans, corn, cucumbers, peas, pumpkins, squashes and watermelons.	ACP Garden Weeder	l pt. in 4 gallons water per 1000 sq. ft.	Soon after planting (before crops emerge) spray evenly over seeded area.

 A Improved Weedone Crab Grass Killer

 6½ oz. Can
 1.25

 26 oz. Can
 3.75

(B) G.L.F. Weed Killer MCP-1/2 pt. Bottle 1.25

Crag Herbicide 1—4 oz. Jar 1.00

E Ammate.....2 lb. Jar \$1.10, 6 lb. Jar 2.86

 F ACP Garden Weeder
 √2 pt. Bottle
 1.00

 1 qt. Bottle
 2.85















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Some Tips

PLAN YOUR GARDEN NOW



Now's the time to start planning for next summer's garden. Make a list of the most popular fruits and vegetables in your family. Go through the seed catalog and decide what you'd like best in YOUR garden. Then consult the family and see what they think. You'll need to know how much seed —and what kind—to buy. And plan to try some new varieties this summer.

LOCATION

Make a scale drawing of your garden plot and decide where you want to plant your vegetables in order to gain full use of the plot all season long. In this way you can plan on both early and late vegetables.

You'll want a spot for your garden that will be in the sunshine at least 5 to 6 hours a day. There should be no shady trees or ground penetrated by the tree roots.

If it's convenient, place your garden near the house. Then, in their spare time, your family can help care for it. If possible, choose a fine sandy loam or a silt loam soil. Do not choose stony land or places that are low and wet.

PREPARING THE GROUND

Prepare your soil before you plant. A fine surface permits earlier and easier planting and better germination of small seeds. By getting the



soil ready you'll be one step ahead when it comes to growing and cultivating.

Be sure to remove all coarse plant remains, large stones and other debris from your plot if you plan to fit your ground in late winter or early spring. Arrange to have the garden space plowed by someone with a tractor or horse, when the soil is not too wet. If your garden is in a yard or place that can't be reached with large equipment, this job can be done by hand or with a spade or spading fork.

PROPER SPADING IS IMPORTANT

Spade to a depth of 6 to 8 inches and avoid turning up more than an inch or so of the hard, unweathered subsoil. When spading, turn the spadeful of dirt over and



break it into fine pieces. This will leave the surface loose and crumbly. A good raking should follow the spading so as to level the surface for planting small seeds and plants.

Fall is the ideal time to plow or spade areas in sod, or areas that have not been cultivated for many years. At this time you can grow a cover crop, such as rye. Fall plowing improves heavy soils by subjecting them to the action of frost. It also hastens decomposition of weeds and helps control insects by exposing them to the weather.

ON PLANTING YOUR GARDEN

FERTILIZING AND LIMING

The condition of any soil can be helped with the application of organic matter (manure, compost, etc.), as it tends to make heavy soils looser and more workable, improves drainage, increases aeration and helps retain moisture. The condition of heavy soils may also be improved through the use of Krilium or peat moss.

Organic matter is not essential if the soil is mellow and well drained, but in cases of very sandy or clay soils it is quite desirable. A good mixed fertilizer and proper liming, following application of organic matter, will make your soil ready for faster, healthier growing.

When farm manure is used on the garden, it should be allowed to rot before application. This kills most of the weed seeds. It should be applied at the rate of one bushel per 100 square feet and worked into the soil when the ground is spaded or plowed in the spring.

Compost may be used at the same rate of application and worked in like manure during spring spading. Compost is made of leaves, weeds, straw and other vegetable matter which have been piled and allowed to decay through the year. If manure or compost is worked into the ground annually, the amount of fertilizer can usually be reduced by about one-half.

The addition of prepared, mixed fertilizer to your soil helps balance the plant food and aids in vegetable growth. Regular G.L.F. GroLeaF is a 5-10-5 powdered fertilizer with the right balance of plant foods to give seedlings an early start toward full production.

Soluble GroLeaF is a 14-28-14 fertilizer with the same balance of plant foods, but especially prepared for liquid application. Apply 3 or 4 pounds of GroLeaF 5-10-5 per 100 square feet (or ½ that amount of Soluble GroLeaF) spading one-half of it in and applying the other half on top after spading and raking in. Following heavy rain, or on very sandy soil, side-dressing may be desirable at a rate not to exceed one pound of 5-10-5 GroLeaF per 100 feet of row (or ½ pound of Soluble GroLeaF). Apply 3 to 4 inches from plants.

Most soils will require about one bag (80 lbs.) of ground limestone or one bag (50 lbs.) of hydrated lime per 1000 square feet for the

majority of garden crops. This is to correct soil acidity to the point favorable for the growth of most vegetables and should be repeated about every three years.

To reduce scab on potatoes and produce better blueberries, it is sometimes advisable to make the soil more acid. For this purpose use G.L.F. Dry Wettable Sulphur or G.L.F. Dusting Sulphur at the rate of 1 to 2 lbs. per 100 square feet, spread evenly and rake it into the soil.

CULTIVATING

As soon as the soil can be properly worked after each rain or hosing, it should be hoed or cultivated to kill weeds that have sprouted and to leave the surface in a loose condition that will absorb later rainfall. When hosing for weed control, cultivation should be shallow so as not to injure vegetable plant roots that are near the surface. A home garden should be hoed enough to keep the soil loose and free of weeds..., but no more often than that.

THIN TURF

can be built up through applications of topdressings such as peat moss, composted soil or garden loam. Broadcast evenly $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and work into grass with the back of a rake. Bare spots can be treated the same way.

ROUGH LAWN

can be evened off by adding topsoil to the low spots and leveling the high spots.

SHADY SPOTS

that are a problem because of very dense trees or bushes can be covered with common periwinkle or pachysandra, which does not have to be mowed. Often the removal of a poor tree or bush will help in severe cases.

MOSS IN THE LAWN

usually indicates low fertility rather than lime deficiency. In early spring, broadcast 10 pounds per 1,000 square feet of Sulphate of Ammonia or Nitrate of Soda to kill the moss. Put it on before a rain, or water the ground yourself. Rake out the dead moss two weeks later and reseed bare spots.

WEED CONTROL

Save your knees, time, and toil by using ACP Garden Weeder—a chemical spray. Soon after planting (before leaves emerge) spray ACP Garden Weeder evenly over the seeded area. See directions on page 25, or on the label of a bottle of ACP Garden Weeder for easy weed control in your garden.



PLANTING GUIDE

Contraction that the state of t

VEGETABLE	Season Sup Family of		One Packet Enough	One Ounce Enough	Inches Between	Inches Between Plants
VEGETABLE	Feet of Row	Plants Needed	For	For	Rows	or Hills
BEANS—Snap	100'-200'		(1 lb. for 16	60 foot row)	30-40	2-3
Lima	100′		(1 lb. for 16	60 foot row)	36-40	4-6
BEETS—Early	50′		20 feet	75 feet	12-18	2
Late	100'		20 feet	75 feet	12-18	2
BROCCOLI	45'	15	250 plants	2000 plants	36	14-18
BRUSSELS SPROUTS	45'	15	250 plants	2000 plants	36	14-18
CABBAGE—Early	50′	35	200 plants	1500 plants	30-36	14-18
Late	100'	70	200 plants	1500 plants	30-36	14-18
CARROTS—2 plantings	100'-150'		100 feet	400 feet	14-18	1
CAULIFLOWER	50′	35	125 plants	2000 plants	36	14-18
CELERY	75′	150	1000 plants		24-48	6
CHARD	35'-50'		20 feet	75 feet	18-24	3-6
CHINESE CABBAGE	25′		100 feet		18-24	4-6
CUCUMBER	75'		20 hills	75 hills	60-72	24-48
EGG PLANT	50'	25	250 plants	2000 plants	36	18-24
ENDIVE	25'		40 feet	300 feet	18	8-12
KALE	50′	35	50 feet	•	18-24	14-18
KOHLRABI	25'		20 feet	200 feet	18	3-4
LETTUCE—Leaf	25′		100 feet	400 feet	12-18	2-10
Head	25'-50'		50 feet	400 feet	12-18	10-14
MUSKMELON	75'-100'		25 hills	100 hills	48-72	36-48
ONION for bulbs	100'		25 feet	250 feet	14-18	2
PARSLEY	15'-25'		50 feet	400 feet	14-18	1-8
PARSNIP	50′		25 feet	200 feet	14-18	1
PEAS	150'-300'		(1 lb. for 1	00 foot row)	24-36	1-3
PEPPERS	25'-50'	18-36	100 plants	1000 plants	36	14-18
PUMPKIN	50'-75'		6 hills	25 hills	72-96	72
RADISHES	25'-75'		25 feet	100 feet	12-14	1
RUTABAGA	50'		75 feet	200 feet	18-30	3-6
SALSIFY	50'		25 feet	100 feet	14-18	1-2
SQUASH—Summer	50'		6 hills	25 hills	72	36
Fall	75'		6 hills	25 hills	72-96	72
Winter	125'-150'		6 hills	25 hills	72-96	72-96
SWEET CORN	150'-300'		(1 lb. 300-400 l	hills or 600' row)	30-36	10-14
SPINACH	50'-100'		25 feet	100 feet	12-18	2-4
New Zealand .	35'-50'		25 feet	100 feet	18-24	10-20
TOMATOES	150'-225'	50-75	100 plants	2000 plants	48-72	36
TURNIPS	100'		50 feet	100 feet	14-18	3-6
WATERMELON	50'		3 hills	25 hills	72-96	72-96

How to Have A BEAUTIFUL LAWN

The Right Start for New Lawns

You can establish a successful spring lawn with little more care than a late summer or early fall lawn generally requires. Lawn seed must have good soil to grow fast and sturdy. Unless there are 4 to 5 inches of good topsoil on your grounds, apply about one ton of well-rotted manure or about half that quantity of peat moss per 1,000 square feet. Work it into the top 3 or 4 inches. Most soils will be improved with the addition of lime. The usual amount is one bag (80 pounds) of ground limestone or one bag (50 pounds) of hydrated lime per 1,000 square feet.

At the same time that you add lime and organic matter to your soil, apply 3 or 4 pounds of GROLEAF 5-10-5 fertilizer evenly per 100 square feet, the higher amount on poorer soil. Apply half before spading or plowing and half afterwards. Rake the fertilizer into the top two inches of soil. Roll the ground in both directions; then rake to form a good seed bed.

In buying seed for your lawn, a mixture of grasses is usually your best choice. For most of the G.L.F. territory, use G.L.F. Sunny Lawn mix for sunny areas and G.L.F. Shady Lawn mix for shady areas. In New Jersey, use one of the G.L.F. New Jersey mixtures. On Long Island use the Farmingdale mix. Seed at the rate of 3 to 4 pounds of seed per 1,000 square feet. To insure an even distribution of seed, sow half in one direction and the other half at right angles to the first. Cover the seed to a depth of 1/8" to 1/4" by careful raking. Then roll lightly and follow with a gentle but thorough watering. From this time on, until the grass is growing well, do not allow the ground to dry out or the seedling may be injured. With spring seedlings, it is a good idea to cover the lawn with burlap or a thin covering of straw to hasten germination. Remove the covering as soon as the ground shows green.

When the grass is about three inches high it may be mowed.

Care for Established Lawns

A smooth lawn that will take the heavy use of summertime activities is not hard to keep with regular care. As soon as the frost is out of the ground in the spring, use a heavy roller to smooth the lawn and press the roots back into the soil. Fertilize in the spring, using 20 pounds of GroLeaf 5-10-5 or 7 pounds of Soluble Gro-Leaf per 1,000 square feet. Repeat the fertilization in the early fall. Water well after applying fertilizer to avoid danger of fertilizer burn. Lime should usually be applied every 2 or 3 years at the rate of 50 pounds of limestone or 30 pounds of hydrated lime per 1,000 square feet.

Mowing is important whether your lawn is new or old. Ideal mowing height is about 1½ inches. Closer mowing weakens the grass and favors the encroachment of crab grass and other weeds.

Among common problems in caring for lawns are thin turf, rough lawn, shady lawn and lawn moss.

Making a Lawn in the Fall

Many people start lawns in the fall. That is the best time to renovate an old lawn. If the lawn is more than 50% dead, it should be spaded up. Remove all weeds, spade and rake the bare spots, apply 75 lbs. of ground Magnesium limestone and 25 pounds of 5-10-5 or 5-10-10 per 1,000 square feet. Rake these materials in well and reseed with the adapted seed mixture. Cover the seed, roll and water, as described above.

Terrace Slopes

Fall is the best time to plant terraces. Since these areas are subject to adverse conditions, special care should be exercised in getting the soil in good shape. To prevent washing, a suitable mulch such as burlap bags, cheesecloth, or straw with a wire covering should be used after seeding. These should be removed as soon as the grass germinates. Special seeding mixtures containing deep rooted, drought tolerant grasses are obtainable for terraced slopes.

Controlling LAWN PESTS, DISEASES AND WEEDS



SUBSOIL PESTS

The major subsoil pests are the Japanese beetle, Oriental beetle, Asiatic garden beetle, masked chafer, European chafer, white grub and rose chafer. These feed on the roots, thereby killing the grass.

CONTROL—For quick action, apply 5 pounds of 5% Chlordane Dust or 5 ozs. of 40% Chlordane Wettable Powder in water per 1000 square feet, preferably in early May. This will remain effective for 3 or 4 years. If you prefer slower initial results but wish the residue to remain longer, then use 6¼ lbs. of 10% DDT dust or 14 ozs. of 75% DDT Wettable Powder in water per 1000 square feet. The DDT will not control white grubs and is questionable on rose chafer. For European chafer, double the quantity of DDT. The chlordane and DDT dusts are most easily applied by means of a lawn fertilizer spreader.



ABOVE-GROUND INSECTS

The most important above-ground insects are chinch bugs, sod webworms, cutworms and ants.

CONTROL—Use either chlordane or DDT. Chlordane is quicker but the DDT gives a long residual action. For chinch bugs, use $2\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of 5% Chlordane; or 5 ozs. of 40% Chlordane Wettable Powder in water; or $2\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of 10% DDT Dust; or 5 ozs. of 75% DDT Wettable Powder in water per 1000 square feet. For sod webworm and cutworms, use half the quantity of chlordane or DDT recommended for chinch bug. Repeat applications may be necessary for these insects. To control ants in lawns, apply $2\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of 5% Chlordane Dust or 5 ozs. of 40% Chlordane Wettable Powder in water per 1000 square feet. Repeat as necessary.



DISEASE

Brown Patch appears suddenly as discolored areas with a dark ring at the border where the organism is still active. The patches may vary from small spots to areas several feet in diameter. Dollar Spot appears as clearly defined bleached brown areas of dead grass, seldom larger than a silver dollar. When numerous, they destroy large areas.

CONTROL—A preventive schedule consists of spraying with Tersan 75 every 7 to 10 days at 1 lb. to 9000 square feet under ordinary conditions, or 2 lbs. to 9000 square feet when disease conditions are severe. Periods of high temperatures (80°F.) and high humidity are particularly conducive to Brown Patch infection. Dollar Spot usually is more prevalent during low temperatures as in late spring or early fall. If a preventive schedule is not practiced, then the lawn should be observed closely and at the first indications of disease spray immediately with 2 lbs. of Tersan 75 per 9000 square feet. Repeat at 7 to 10 day intervals to prevent its further spread. Tersan 75 is best applied with a power sprayer at 200-300 pounds pressure, using 75 gallons of water per 9000 square feet. If a sprinkler is used, apply 150 gallons of water per 9000 square feet and agitate well.

WEEDS

One of the most common weeds that appears in lawns is the broad-leaved type.

CONTROL—Apply one teaspoon of G.L.F. Weed Killer MCP in one quart of water per 100 square feet. Make this application two days after mowing, when weeds are young and growing vigorously. G.L.F. Weed Killer MCP is particularly desirable on lawns containing clover because it is less toxic than 2, 4-D.

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